



Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

Page 1 of 18

LOCTITE 460

SDS No. : 738228

V003.2

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE 460

UFI: No UFI required

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Cyanoacrylate

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ltd

Adhesives

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Great Britain

Phone: +44 (1442) 278000

SDSinfo.Adhesive@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website www.mysds.henkel.com or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

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1.4. Emergency telephone number

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 3

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard statement:

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental information Cyanoacrylate. Danger. Bonds skin and eyes in seconds. Keep out of the reach of children.

Precautionary statement: Prevention P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Precautionary statement: Disposal P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with national regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Following substances are present in a concentration $\geq$ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in a concentration $\geq$ the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS No. EC No UK-REACH-Reg. No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Add. Information
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	0,25- < 2,5 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	M acute = 1 M chronic = 1	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1 204-327-1	0,1- < 0,3 %	Repr. 1B, H360F		SVHC
Hydroquinone 123-31-9 204-617-8	0,01- < 0,1 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Carc. 2, H351 Muta. 2, H341 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	M acute = 10 M chronic = 1	

If no ATE values are displayed, please refer to LD/LC50 values in Section 11.
For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:
Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

If lips are accidentally stuck together apply warm water to the lips and encourage maximum wetting and pressure from saliva inside the mouth.

Peel or roll lips apart. Do not try to pull the lips apart with direct opposing action.

Cyanoacrylates give off heat on solidification. In rare cases a large drop will generate enough heat to cause a burn.

Burns should be treated normally after the adhesive has been removed from the skin.

Do not pull bonded skin apart. It may be gently peeled apart using a blunt object such as a spoon, preferably after soaking in warm soapy water.

Eye contact:

If the eye is bonded closed, release eyelashes with warm water by covering with wet pad.

Keep eye covered until debonding is complete, usually within 1-3 days.

Cyanoacrylate will bond to eye protein and will cause periods of weeping which will help to debond the adhesive.

Do not force eye open. Medical advice should be sought in case solid particles of cyanoacrylate trapped behind the eyelid cause any abrasive damage.

Ingestion:

Ensure that breathing passages are not obstructed. The product will polymerise immediately in the mouth making it almost impossible to swallow. Saliva will slowly separate the solidified product from the mouth (several hours).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause eye irritation.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam, extinguishing powder, carbon dioxide.

Fine water spray

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None known

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) can be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

Additional information:

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wear protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

Do not use cloths for mopping up. Flood with water to complete polymerization and scrape off the floor. Cured material can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage**7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

Avoid skin and eye contact.

See advice in section 8

Ventilation (low level) is recommended when using large volumes

Use of dispensing equipment is recommended to minimise the risk of skin or eye contact

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Refer to Technical Data Sheet.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Cyanoacrylate

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**8.1. Control parameters****Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m ³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Hydroquinone 123-31-9 [HYDROQUINONE]		0,5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m ³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Hydroquinone 123-31-9 [HYDROQUINONE]		0,5	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		IR_OEL

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value				Remarks
			mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	oral				10 mg/kg		
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	aqua (freshwater)		0,00057 mg/l				
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	aqua (marine water)		0,000057 mg/l				
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sediment (freshwater)				0,0049 mg/kg		
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sediment (marine water)				0,00049 mg/kg		
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	aqua (intermittent releases)		0,00134 mg/l				
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Soil				0,00064 mg/kg		
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sewage treatment plant (STP)		0,71 mg/l				

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1,25 mg/m ³	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		6,25 mg/m ³	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,36 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	Workers	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		1,8 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,22 mg/m ³	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		1,1 mg/m ³	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,13 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		0,65 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,13 mg/kg	
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	General population	oral	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		0,65 mg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		3,33 mg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		2,1 mg/m ³	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1,66 mg/kg	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1,05 mg/m ³	
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		0,6 mg/kg	

Biological Exposure Indices:

None

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A (EN 14387)

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; ≥ 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; ≥ 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Polyethylene or polypropylene gloves are recommended when using large volumes.

Do not use PVC, rubber or nylon gloves.

Please note that in practice the working life of chemical resistant gloves may be considerably reduced as a result of many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). Suitable risk assessment should be carried out by the end user. If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing.

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions.

Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Delivery form	liquid
Colour	Colourless / Colorless to light yellow
Odor	Characteristic
Physical state	liquid
Melting point	Not applicable, Product is a liquid
Solidification temperature	$< -25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($< -13\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$)
Initial boiling point	$> 149\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($> 300.2\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$)None
Flammability	The product is not flammable.
Explosive limits	Not applicable, The product is not flammable.
Flash point	$80 - 93,3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($176 - 199.94\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$); None
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable, The product is not flammable.
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable, Substance/mixture is not self-reactive, no organic peroxide and does not decompose under foreseen conditions of use
pH	Not applicable, Product reacts with water.
Viscosity (kinematic) ($40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($104\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$);)	$> 20,5\text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$
Viscosity, dynamic (Cone and plate; Shear gradient: 3.000 s^{-1})	$25,0 - 55,0\text{ mPa.s}$ LCT STM 740; cone & plate viscosity
Viscosity, dynamic (Cone and plate; Shear gradient: 3.000 s^{-1})	$25,0 - 55,0\text{ mPa.s}$ LCT STM 740; cone & plate viscosity
Solubility (qualitative) ($20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($68\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$); Solvent: Water)	Polymerises in presence of water.
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Not applicable
Vapour pressure	Mixture
Vapour pressure	$< 0,2\text{ mm hg}$;None
Vapour pressure	$< 30,0000000\text{ Pa}$;None
Vapour pressure ($50\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($122\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$))	$< 700\text{ mbar}$;no method / method unknown
Density	$1,1\text{ g/cm}^3$

(20 °C (68 °F))

Relative vapour density:

> 1

(20 °C)

Particle characteristics

Not applicable

Product is a liquid

9.2. Other information

Other information not applicable for this product

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**10.1. Reactivity**

Rapid exothermic polymerization will occur in the presence of water, amines, alkalis and alcohols.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None if used for intended purpose.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information**General toxicological information:**

Cyanoacrylates are considered to have relatively low toxicity. Acute oral LD50 is >5000mg/kg (rat). It is almost impossible to swallow as it rapidly polymerises in the mouth.

Prolonged exposure to high concentrations of vapours may lead to chronic effects in sensitive individuals

In dry atmosphere with < 50% humidity, vapours may irritate the eyes and respiratory system

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**Acute oral toxicity:**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	LD50	> 10.000 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LD50	367 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	LD50	> 10.000 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Acute inhalative toxicity:

No data available.

Skin corrosion/irritation:

Bonds skin in seconds. Considered to be of low toxicity: acute dermal LD50 (rabbit)>2000mg/kg
Due to polymerisation at the skin surface allergic reaction is unlikely to occur

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	not irritating	24 h	rabbit	Weight of evidence

Serious eye damage/irritation:

Liquid product will bond eyelids. In a dry atmosphere (RH<50%) vapours may cause irritation and lachrymatory effect

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not irritating	24 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	corrosive		human	Weight of evidence

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	sensitising	Mouse local lymphnode assay (LLNA)	mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 429 (Skin Sensitisation: Local Lymph Node Assay)

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	negative	bacterial gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	positive	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	positive	intraperitoneal		mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	negative	oral: gavage		rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	positive	intraperitoneal		mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 483 (Mammalian Spermatogonial Chromosome Aberration Test)

Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	carcinogenic	oral: gavage	103 w 5 d/w	rat	male/female	equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	carcinogenic	oral: gavage	103 w 5 d/w	mouse	female	equivalent or similar OECD Guideline 453 (Combined Chronic Toxicity / Carcinogenicity Studies)

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	NOAEL P 12,5 mg/kg	screening	oral: gavage	rat	OECD Guideline 421 (Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL P 15 mg/kg NOAEL F1 150 mg/kg NOAEL F2 150 mg/kg	Two generation study	oral: gavage	rat	EPA OTS 798.4700 (Reproduction and Fertility Effects)

STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL 50 mg/kg	oral: gavage	13 w 5 d/w	rat	not specified
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOAEL 73,9 mg/kg	dermal	13 w 6 h/d, 5 d/w	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 411 (Subchronic Dermal Toxicity: 90-Day Study)

Aspiration hazard:

No data available.

11.2 Information on other hazards**11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties**

No data available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information**General ecological information:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Biological and Chemical Oxygen Demands (BOD and COD) are insignificant.

12.1. Toxicity**Toxicity (Fish):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	LC50	0,5 mg/l	48 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	LC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	96 h	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	LC50	0,638 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOEC	0,066 mg/l	32 d	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 210 (fish early life stage toxicity test)

Toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	EC50	> 1 - 10 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0,134 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

Chronic toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5- methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	NOEC	Toxicity > Water solubility	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOEC	0,0057 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (reported as Selenastrum capricornutum)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	NOEC	Toxicity > Water solubility	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (reported as Selenastrum capricornutum)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	0,330 mg/l	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	NOEC	0,019 mg/l	72 h	Raphidocelis subcapitata (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

Toxicity (microorganisms):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	EC50	Toxicity > Water solubility	3 h	activated sludge	OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	EC50	71 mg/l	2 h	activated sludge of a predominantly domestic sewage	other guideline:

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability (Screening Tests):

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	> 0 - < 60 %	28 d	OECD 301 A - F
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	under test conditions no biodegradation observed	aerobic	0 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 C (Ready Biodegradability: Modified MITI Test (I))
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	readily biodegradable	aerobic	> 75 - 81 %	30 d	EU Method C.4-E (Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability Closed Bottle Test)

(Bio)degradability (Simulation Tests):

No data available.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition Coefficient (octanol/water)

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogPow	Temperature	Method
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	6,25	20 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake Flask Method)
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	0,59		EU Method A.8 (Partition Coefficient)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Temperature	Species	Method
Bismaleimide 105391-33-1	674			not specified	OECD Guideline 305 (Bioconcentration: Flow-through Fish Test)
Bis(2-hydroxy-3-tert-butyl-5-methylphenyl)methane 119-47-1	320 - 780	60 d		Cyprinus carpio	OECD Guideline 305 E (Bioaccumulation: Flow-through Fish Test)

12.4. Mobility in soil

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	LogKoc	pH	Method
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	2,381		QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)

12.5. Results of PBT / vPvB / PMT / vPvM assessment**PBT/vPvB**

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or vPvB.
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

PMT/vPvM

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PMT or vPvM.
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No data available.

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**13.1. Waste treatment methods**

Product disposal:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Cured adhesive: Dispose of as water insoluble non-toxic solid chemical in authorised landfill or incinerate under controlled conditions.

Contribution of this product to waste is very insignificant in comparison to article in which it is used

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

Waste code

08 04 09* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	Not dangerous goods

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	Not dangerous goods

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	Not dangerous goods

14.4. Packing group

ADR	Not dangerous goods
RID	Not dangerous goods
ADN	Not dangerous goods
IMDG	Not dangerous goods
IATA	Not dangerous goods

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable

ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information**15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 2024/590):	Not applicable
Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012):	Not applicable
Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):	Not applicable

VOC content (2010/75/EC)	< 3 %
Seveso III (2012/18/EU):	Not applicable

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318 Causes serious eye damage.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
H360F May damage fertility.
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADG(-Code): Australian Dangerous Goods (Code)
ADN: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR : European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ASTM: American Society for Testing and Materials
ATE: acute toxicity estimate
AS: Australian Standard
AwSV: Ordinance on Installations for the Handling of Substances Hazardous to Water
CAS: Chemical Abstract Service
CLP: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
CMR: cancerogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic
DIN: German Institute for Standardization
ECx: Effective concentration (x% effective level)
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EC-Nummer: Substance number in the EU-inventories EINECS/ELINCS
ECTLV: European community threshold limit value
ED: Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
EN : European Standard
ENCS: Japanese chemical inventory
EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
EU: European Union
EU EXPLD1: Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD2: Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EWC: European Waste Catalogue
GHS: Globally Harmonised System for Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
GLP: Good Laboratory Practice
HSNO: Hazardous Substances and New Organisms
IARC: International Agency for Research of Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association
IBC-Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization
IMDG-Code: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IMO: International Maritime Organization
ISO: International Standardization Organisation
LC50: Median lethal concentration
LD50: Median lethal dose
MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships
n.o.s.: not otherwise specified
NO(A)EC: No (adverse) effect concentration
NO(A)EL: No (adverse) effect level
NZS: New Zealand Standard
OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OEL: Occupational Exposure Limit
OPPT: US EPA Office of Pollution Prevention and Toxics
OPPTS: US EPA Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances
PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic
PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
(Q)SAR: (Quantitative) structure–activity relationship

REACH: Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006
RID: Regulations concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SADT: Self Accelerating Decomposition Temperature
SDS: Safety Data Sheet
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity
STOT SE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - single exposure
STOT RE: Specific Target Organ Toxicity - repeated exposure
SUSMP: Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SVHC: Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
TRGS: German Technical Rules for hazardous substances
UN: United Nations
VOC: Volatile Organic Compound
814.018 VOC Reg CH: Swiss Ordinance 814.018 on the Incentive Tax on Volatile Organic Compounds
vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulative
vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
VwVwS: Administrative Regulation on Substances Hazardous to Waters
WGK: Water hazard class

Further information:

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