

Middle Power LED
2835

282B White Series
RA80

For Commercial Lighting



Features & Benefits

- 1.0 W class middle power LED
- Mold resin for high reliability
- Standard form factor for design flexibility (2.8 × 3.5 mm)

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1. Characteristics

a) Absolute Maximum Rating

Item	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Condition
Ambient / Operating Temperature	T_a	-40 ~ +105	°C	-
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40 ~ +105	°C	-
LED Junction Temperature	T_j	125	°C	-
Forward Current	I_F	300	mA	-
Pulse Forward Current	I_{FP}	600	mA	Duty 1/10, pulse width 10ms
Assembly Process Temperature	-	260 <10	°C s	-
ESD (HBM)	-	2	kV	-

b) Electro-optical Characteristics ($I_F = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Item	Unit	Rank	Bin	Min.	Typ.	Max.
Forward Voltage (V_F)	V	V0	E0	2.6	-	2.8
			F0	2.8	-	3.0
Reverse Current(I_R) (@VR=5V)	μA			-	-	1
Color Rendering Index (R_a)	-			-	80	-
Electrical thermal resistance junction/ solderpoint with efficiency ($R_{thus\ elec.}$) $\eta_e=58.5\%$	°C/W			-	12	-
Beam Angle	°			-	120	-

Note:

Ledstar maintains measurement tolerance of: forward voltage = $\pm 0.1\text{ V}$, luminous flux = $\pm 5\%$, CRI = ± 3

c) Electro-optical Characteristics ($I_F = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Item	Nominal CCT (K)	LW		LX		LY		LZ	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
		32	34	34	36	36	38	38	40
Luminous Flux (Φ_v, lm)	2700								
	3000								
	3500								
	4000								
	5000								
	5700								
	6500								

Note:

Ledstar maintains measurement tolerance of: forward voltage = $\pm 0.1\text{ V}$, luminous flux = $\pm 5\%$, CRI = ± 3

2. Product Code Information

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
L	D	R	-	2	8	3	5	T	T	B	4	0	8	0	-	V	0	4	0	K	L	0

Digit	PKG Information	Code	Specification
1 2 3	Ledstar Package Middle Power	LDR	
4 5 6 7	Package Model and Size	2835	2.8 x 3.5 x 0.7mm
8	Product Category	T	Top View
9	Bractek Type	T	PCT & Cu
10	Version	B	
11 12	Nominal CCT	27	2600-2800K
		30	2800-3200K
		35	3300-3700K
		40	3800-4200K
		50	4800-5200K
		57	5500-6000K
		65	6200-6800K
13 14	RA	80	Typ. 80
15 16	Forward Voltage (V)	V0	2.6~3.0 Bin Code: E02.6~2.8E12.6~2.7F22.7~2.8 F02.8~3.0F12.8~2.9F22.9~3.0
17 18 19	Chromaticity Code	27K	2600-2800K
		30K	2800-3200K
		35K	3300-3700K
		40K	3800-4200K
		50K	4800-5200K
		57K	5500-6000K
		65K	6200-6800K
20 21	Luminous Flux (lm)	L0	LW LX LY LZ
		LW	32~34
		LX	34~36
		LY	36~38
		LZ	38~40

a) Luminous Flux Bins($I_f = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

RA Typ.	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Flux Bin	Flux Range (Φ_v , lm)
80	2700	LDR-2835TTB2780-V027KL*	LW	32~34
			LX	34~36
	3000	LDR-2835TTB3080-V030KL*	LX	34~36
			LY	36~38
	3500	LDR-2835TTB3580-V035KL*	LX	34~36
			LY	36~38
	4000	LDR-2835TTB4080-V040KL*	LY	36~38
			LZ	38~40
	5000	LDR-2835TTB5080-V050KL*	LY	36~38
			LZ	38~40
	5700	LDR-2835TTB5780-V057KL*	LY	36~38
			LZ	38~40
	6500	LDR-2835TTB6580-V065KL*	LY	36~38
			LZ	38~40

Note:

"*" can be "W", "X", "Y" or "Z" of the luminous flux

b) Color Bins ($I_F = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

RA Typ.	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Color Rank	Chromaticity Bin
80	2700	LDR-2835TTB2780-V027KL*	$\text{SDCM} \leq 3 \text{ Bin}$	27K
	3000	LDR-2835TTB3080-V030KL*	$\text{SDCM} \leq 3 \text{ Bin}$	30K
	3500	LDR-2835TTB3580-V035KL*	$\text{SDCM} \leq 3 \text{ Bin}$	35K
	4000	LDR-2835TTB4080-V040KL*	$\text{SDCM} \leq 3 \text{ Bin}$	40K
	5000	LDR-2835TTB5080-V050KL*	$\text{SDCM} \leq 3 \text{ Bin}$	50K
	5700	LDR-2835TTB5780-V057KL*	$\text{SDCM} \leq 3 \text{ Bin}$	57K
	6500	LDR-2835TTB6580-V065KL*	$\text{SDCM} \leq 3 \text{ Bin}$	65K

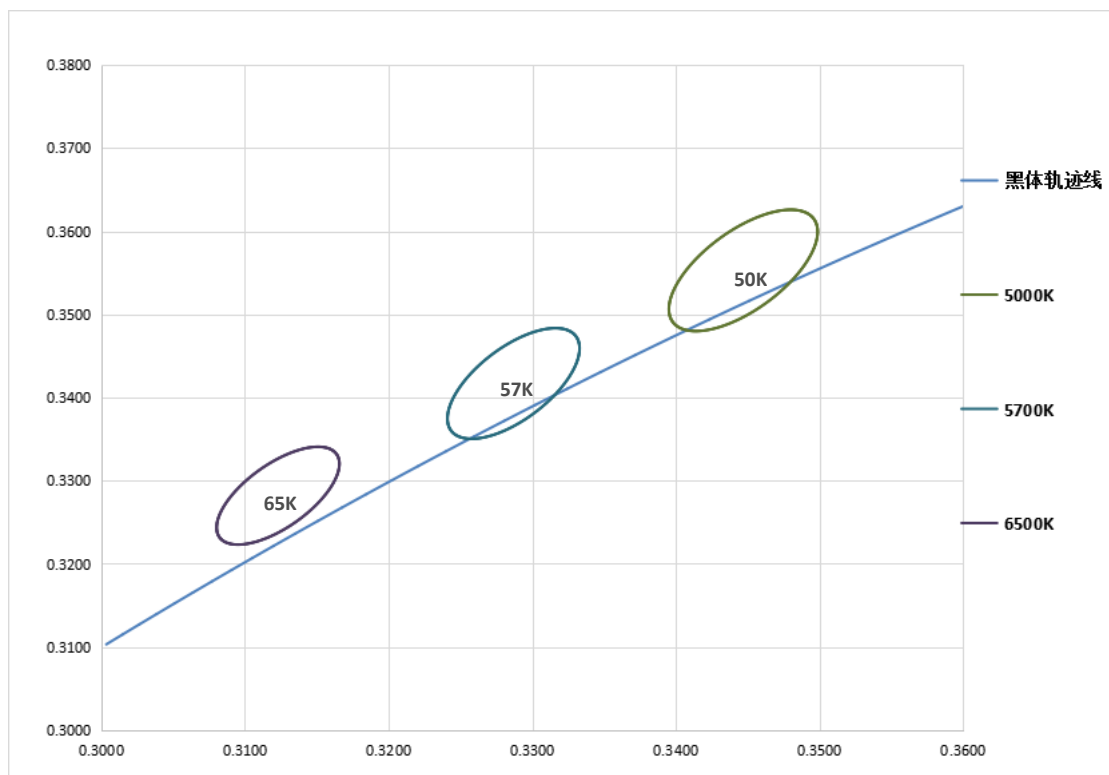
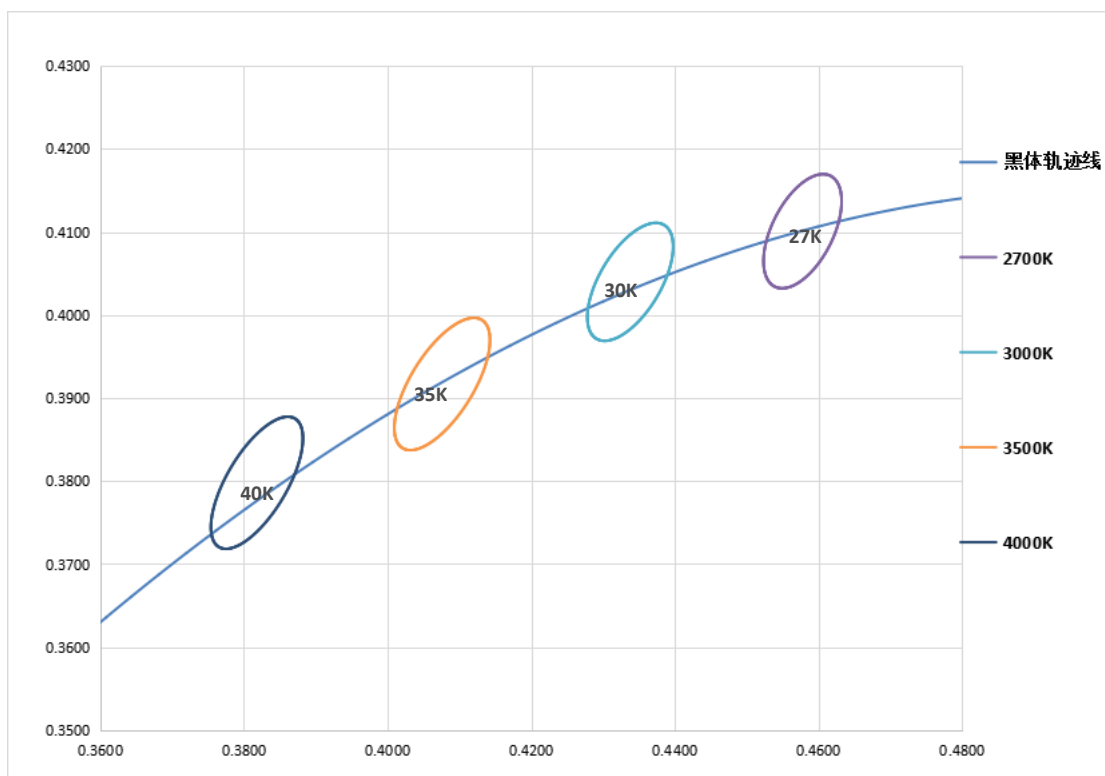
Note:

"*" can be "V", "W", "X" or "Y" of the luminous flux

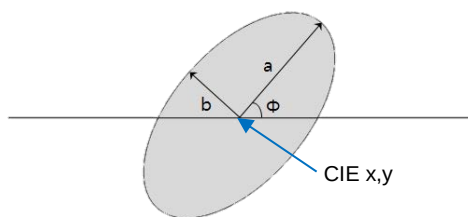
c) Voltage Bins ($I_F = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

CRI (R_a) Typ.	Nominal CCT (K)	Product Code	Voltage Rank	Voltage Bin	Voltage Range (V)
			E0	E1	2.6 ~ 2.7
				E2	2.7 ~ 2.8
			F0	F1	2.8 ~ 2.9
				F2	2.9 ~ 3.0

d) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates ($I_f = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



e) Chromaticity Region & Coordinates ($I_f = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)



CCT	CIE-X	CIE-Y	θ	a	b	BIN
2600-2800K	0.4578	0.4101	57.20	0.00774	0.00411	27K
2800-3200K	0.4338	0.4040	53.10	0.00834	0.00408	30K
3300-3700K	0.4073	0.3917	52.60	0.00951	0.00417	35K
3800-4200K	0.4076	0.3917	54.00	0.00939	0.00402	40K
4800-5200K	0.3447	0.3553	59.40	0.00822	0.00354	50K
5500-6000K	0.3213	0.3419	60.40	0.00744	0.00318	57K
6200-6800K	0.3051	0.3349	58.20	0.00669	0.00285	65K

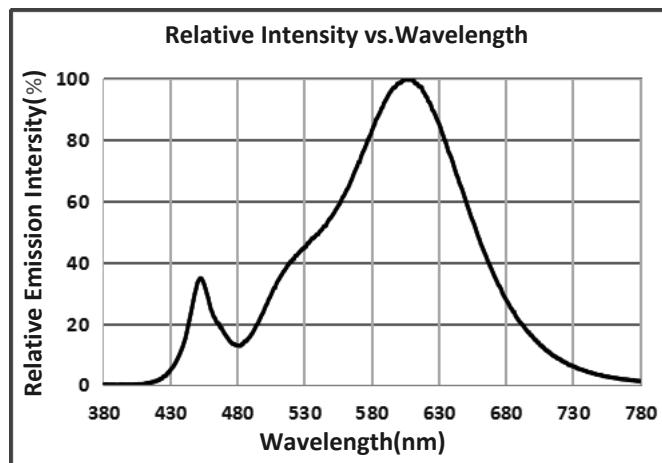
Note:

Ledstar maintains measurement tolerance of: $C_x, C_y = \pm 0.005$

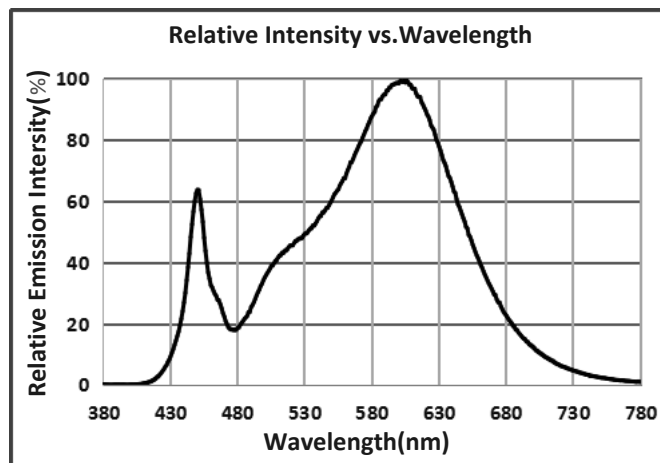
3. Typical Characteristics Graphs

a) Spectrum Distribution ($I_f = 60\text{mA}$, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

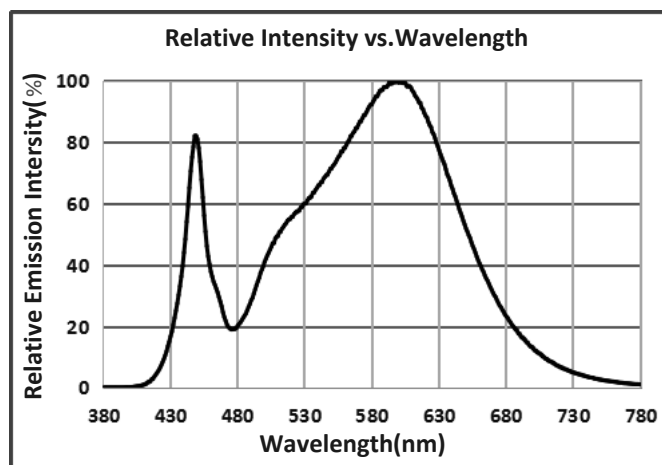
CCT : 2700K (80CRI)



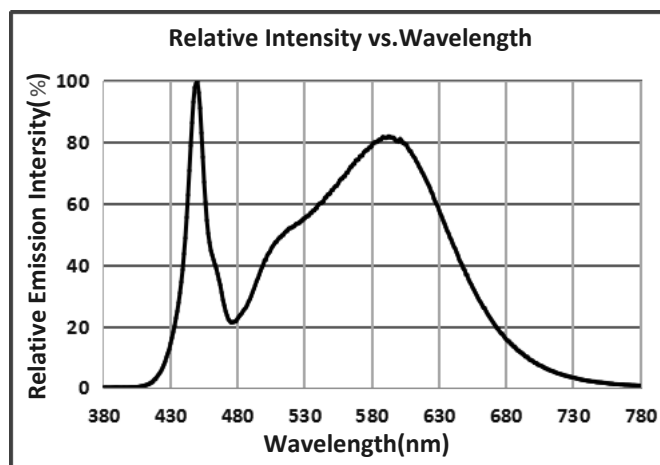
CCT : 3000K (80CRI)



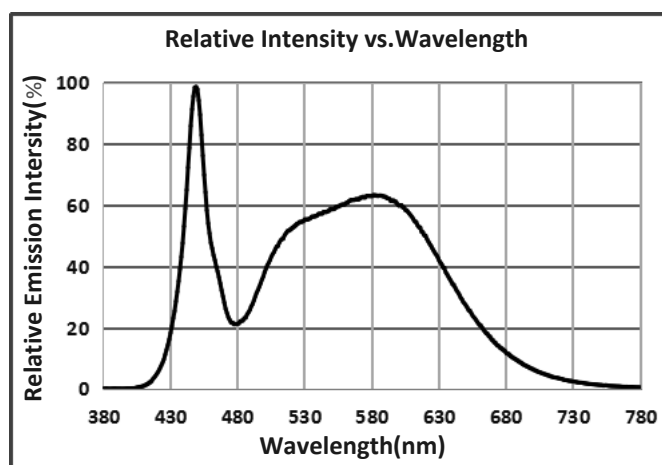
CCT : 3500K (80CRI)



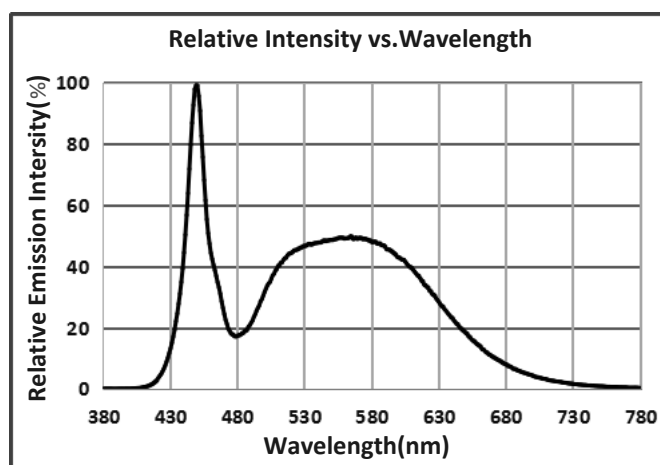
CCT : 4000K (80CRI)



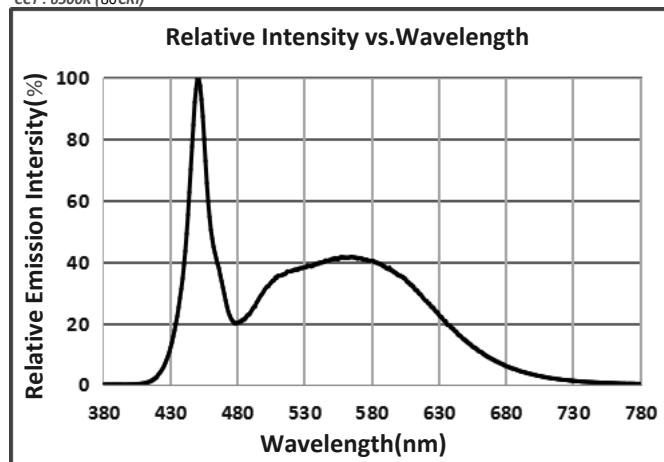
CCT : 5000K (80CRI)



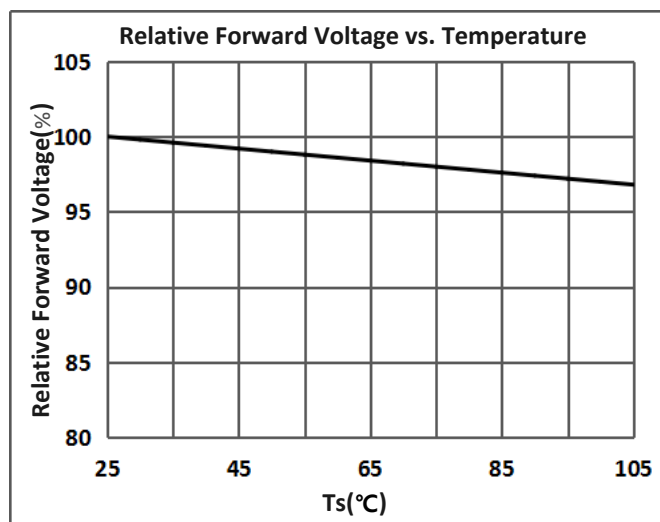
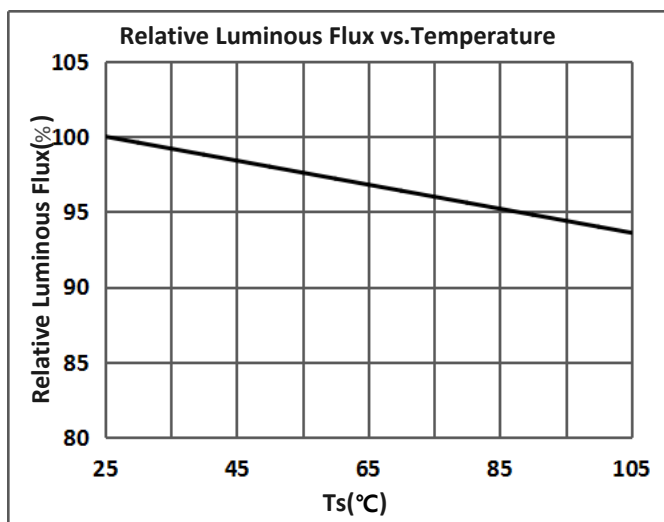
CCT : 5700K (80CRI)



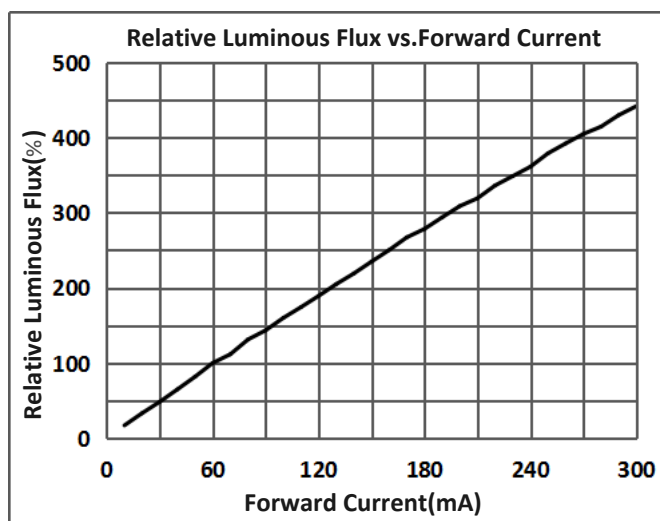
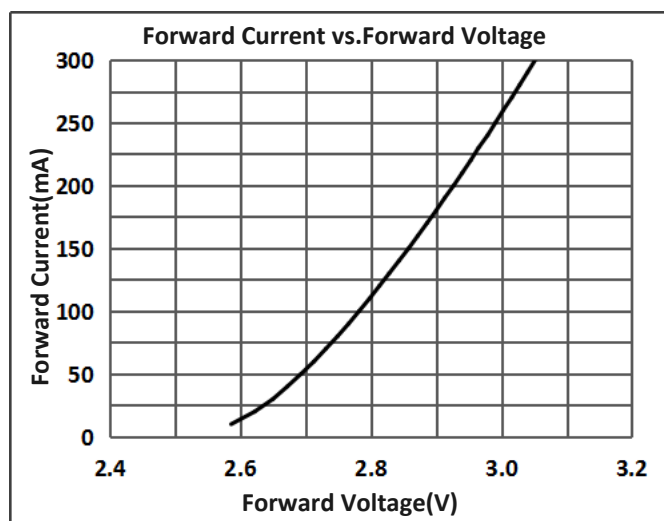
CCT : 6500K (80 CRI)



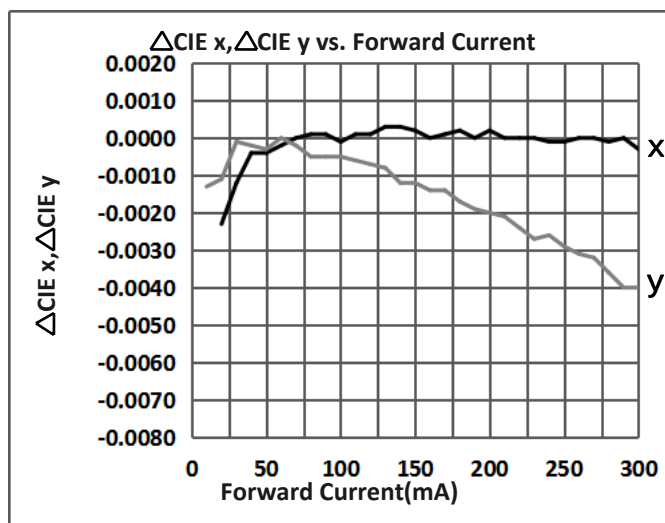
b) Temperature Characteristics ($I_F = 60\text{mA}$)



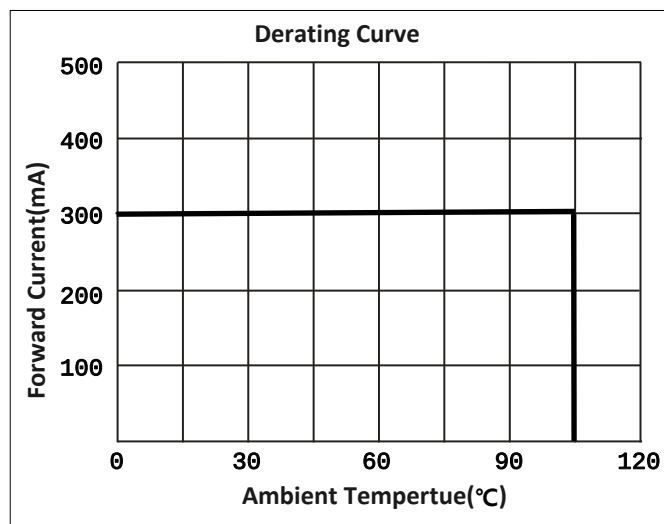
c) Forward Current Characteristics ($T_s = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)



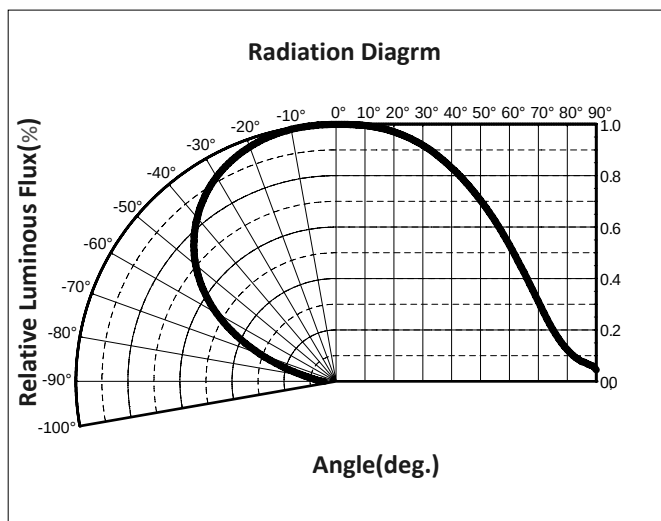
d) Color Shift Characteristics, $T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_f = 60\text{mA}$



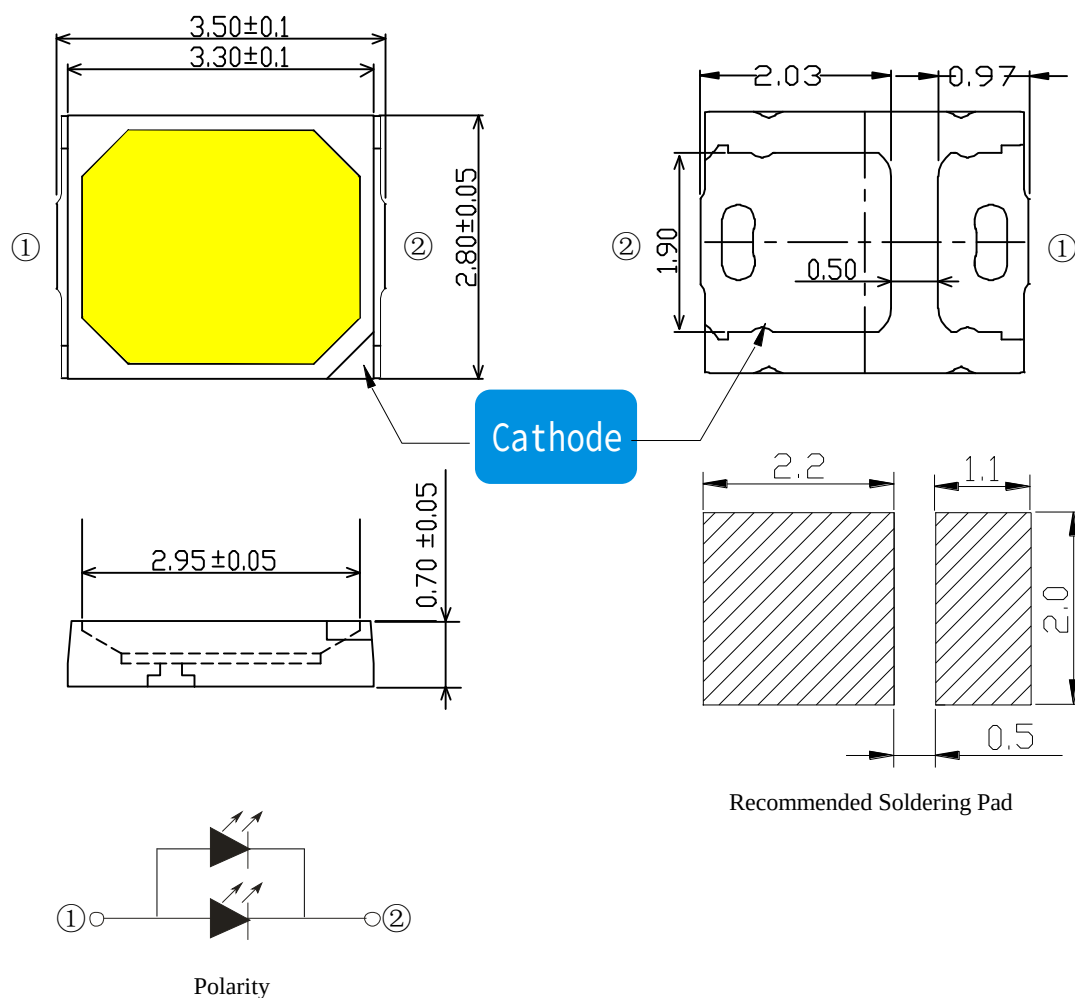
d) Derating Curve



e) Beam Angle Characteristics ($T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_f = 60\text{mA}$)



4. Outline Drawing & Dimension



Notes:

T_s point and measurement method:

- ① Measure one point at the cathode pad, if necessary remove PSR of PCB to reach T_s point.
- ② All pads must be soldered to the PCB to dissipate heat properly, otherwise the LED can be damaged.
- ③ All dimensions in mm. Tolerances unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm.

Precautions:

- 1) Pressure on the LEDs will influence to the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid strong pressure on the LEDs. Do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 2) Re-soldering should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. If re-soldering is unavoidable, LED's characteristics should be carefully checked before and after such repair.
- 3) Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Since materials of LEDs is soft, abrasion between two PCB assembled with LED might cause catastrophic failure of the LEDs.

5. Reliability Test Items & Conditions

a) Test Items

Test Item	Test Condition	Test Hour / Cycle	Sample No.
Room Temperature Life Test	25°C, DC 300 mA	1000 h	22
High Temperature Life Test	85°C, DC 300 mA	1000 h	22
High Temperature Humidity Life Test	85°C, 85 % RH, DC 300 mA	1000 h	22
Low Temperature Life Test	-40°C, DC 300 mA	1000 h	22
Powered Temperature Cycle Test	-40 °C ~ 85°C, each 10 min, On/Off 5min , Temp. Change Time 20min, DC 300 mA	100 cycles	22
Thermal Cycle	-40°C / 15 min ↔ 105°C / 15 min → Hot plate 180°C	100 cycles	100
High Temperature Storage	105°C	1000 h	22
Low Temperature Storage	-40°C	1000 h	22

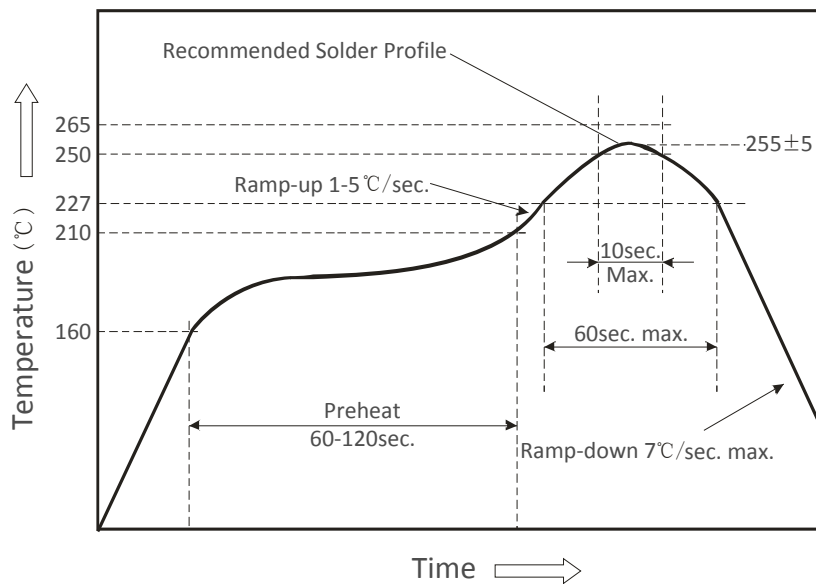
b) Criteria for Judging the Damage

Item	Symbol	Test Condition (Ts = 25°C)	Limit	
			Min	Max
Forward Voltage	V_F	$I_F = 300 \text{ mA}$	Init. Value * 0.9	Init. Value * 1.1
Luminous Flux	Φ_v	$I_F = 300 \text{ mA}$	Init. Value * 0.7	Init. Value * 1.1

6. Soldering Conditions

a) Reflow Conditions (Pb free)

Reflow frequency: 2 times max.



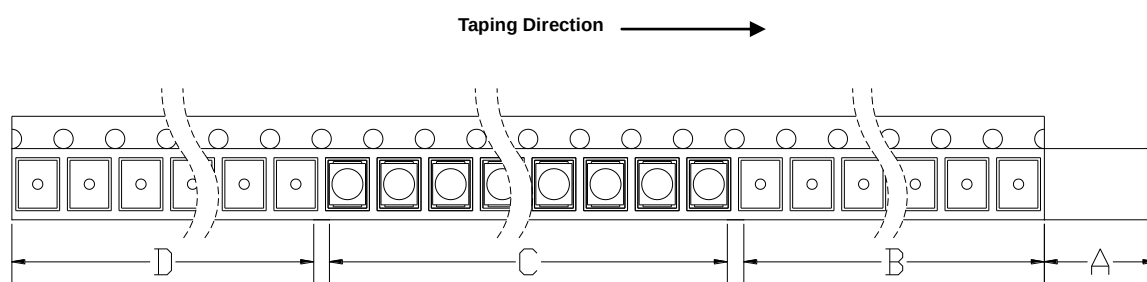
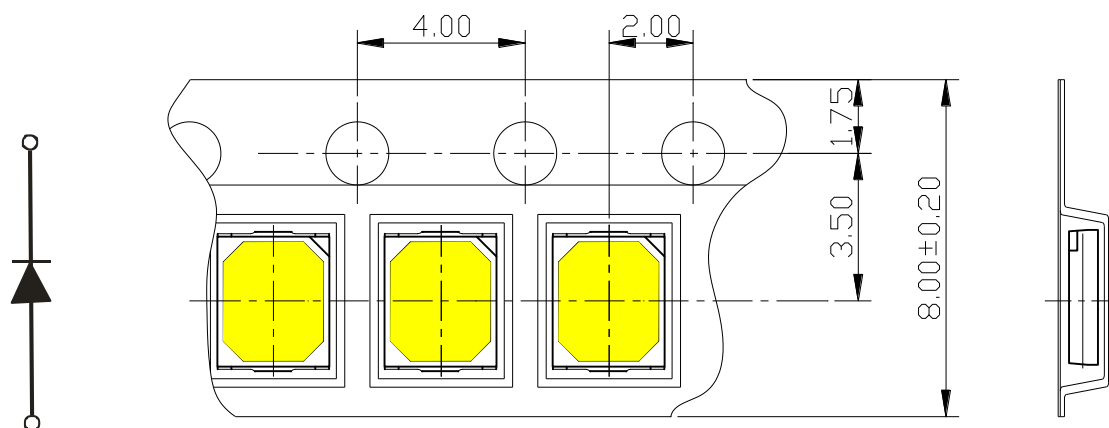
b) Manual Soldering Conditions

Not more than 5 seconds @ max. 300°C, under soldering iron.

7. Tape & Reel

a) Taping Dimension

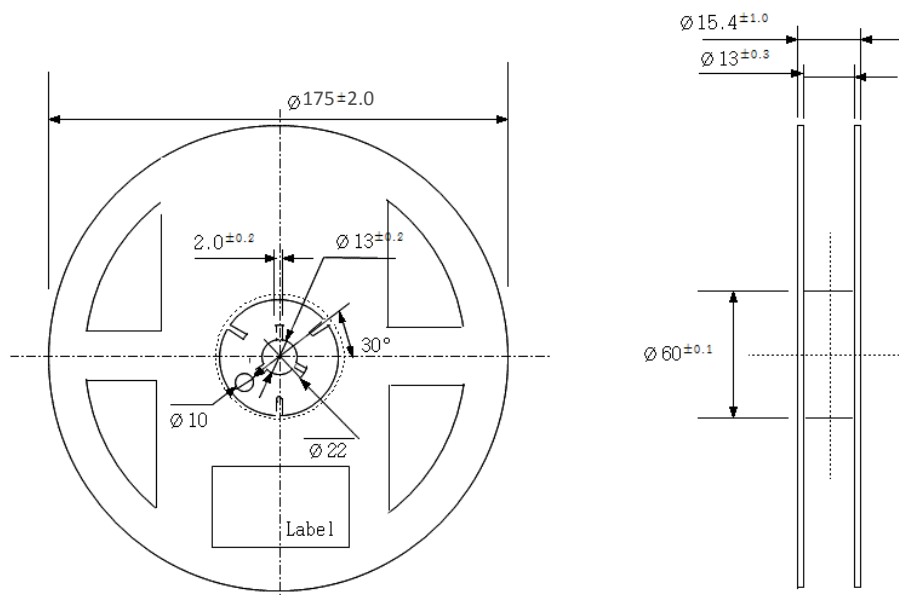
(unit: mm)



A: Top Cover Tape, 300mm; B: Leader, Empty, 200mm; C: 4000 Lamps Loaded; D: Trailer, Empty, 200mm.

b) Reel Dimension

(unit: mm)



Notes:

- 1) Quantity: The quantity/reel is 4,000 pcs
- 2) Cumulative Tolerance: Cumulative tolerance / 10 pitches is ± 0.2 mm
- 3) Adhesion Strength of Cover Tape: Adhesion strength is 0.1-0.7 N when the cover tape is turned off from the carrier tape at 10° angle to the carrier tape
- 4) Packaging: P/N, Manufacturing data code no. and quantity are indicated on the aluminum packing bag

8. Label Structure

a) Label Structure



Note: Denoted bin code and product code above is only an example (see description on page 5)

b) Label Explanation

Part No.:Product Code

IF:Testing Current

VF:Forward Voltage Range

Flux:Luminous Flux Range

CCT:Color Temperature Range

Date:Packing Date

Bin Code:Rank

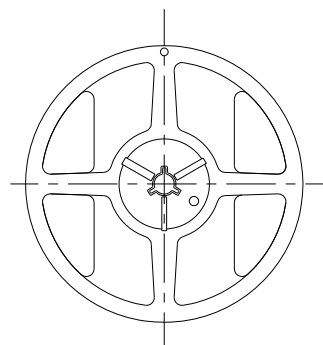
C/N:Internal Identification Code

Remark:Special Remark

QTY:Quantity

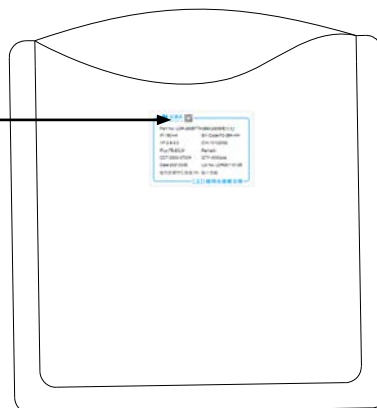
Lot No.:Production batch Number

a) Packing Process (The quantity of PKG on the Reel to be Max 4,000pcs)

Progressive Direction 

The logo for 'LED plant light source magic lamp' (LED植物光源魔法灯) is displayed. It features a stylized blue flower-like icon on the left, followed by the Chinese text '立德达' and 'led-star.cn' in blue. To the right of the text is a square QR code. Below the logo, the product information is listed in a table-like format with two columns. The first column contains 'Part No.: LDR-2835TTB6580(2835正白光)', 'IF: 60mA', 'VF:2.7-2.8V', 'Flux: 36-38LM', 'CCT: 6200-6800K', 'Date:2010430', and '使用前请70°C除湿24H'. The second column contains 'Bin Code: E2-65K-LY', 'C/N:10102002', 'Remark:', 'QTY:4000pcs', 'Lot No.:LDR20110125', and '缺口负极'.

Part No.: LDR-2835TTB6580(2835正白光)	
IF: 60mA	Bin Code: E2-65K-LY
VF:2.7-2.8V	C/N:10102002
Flux: 36-38LM	Remark:
CCT: 6200-6800K	QTY:4000pcs
Date:2010430	Lot No.:LDR20110125
使用前请70°C除湿24H	缺口负极



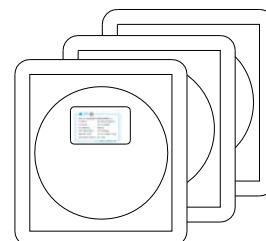
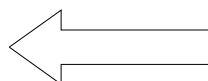
 立德达
LESTLAS

东莞市立德达光电科技有限公司

地址: 东莞市莞城区狮龙路莞城科技园

TEL : (86-769) 22208080
FAX : (86-769) 22208785

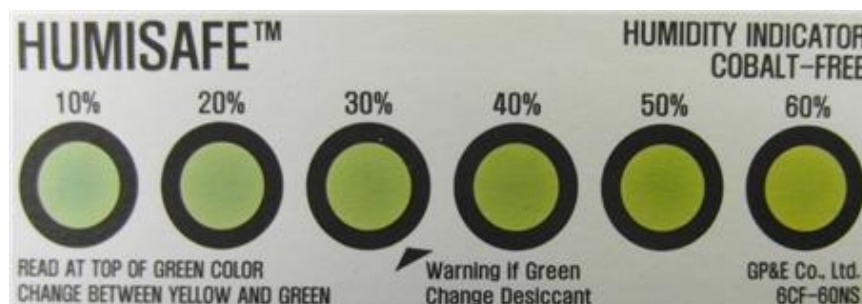
DONGJIAN LESTLAS PHOTOELECTRIC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD



b) Aluminum Vinyl Packing Bag



c) Silica Gel & Humidity Indicator Card inside Aluminum Vinyl Bag



10. Precautions in Handling & Use

- 1) For over-current protection, users are recommended to apply resistors connected in series with the LEDs to mitigate sudden change of the forward current caused by shift of forward voltage.
- 2) This device should not be used in any type of fluid such as water, oil, organic solvent, etc. When cleaning is required, IPA is recommended as the cleaning agent. Some solvent-based cleaning agent may damage the silicone resins used in the device.
- 3) When the device is in operation, the forward current should be carefully determined considering the maximum ambient temperature and corresponding junction temperature.
- 4) LEDs must be stored in a clean environment. If the LEDs are to be stored for three months or more after being shipped from Ledstar, they should be packed with a nitrogen-filled container (shelf life of sealed bags is 12 months at temperature 0~40 °C, 0~90 % RH).
- 5) After storage bag is opened, device subjected to soldering, solder reflow, or other high temperature processes must be:
 - a. Mounted within 672 hours (28 days) at an assembly line with a condition of no more than 30 °C / 60 % RH^{*Note 1}, or
 - b. Mounted within 24 hours (1 day) at an assembly line with a condition of more than 30 °C / 70 % RH^{*Note 2}, or
 - c. Stored at <10 % RH.

*Note 1, 2: IPC/JEDEC J-STD-033A, Recommended Equivalent Total Floor Life Table

Package Type and Body Thickness	Moisture Sensitivity Level	Maximum Percent Relative Humidity						Temperature
		40%	50%	60%	70%	80%	90%	
Body Thickness <2.1mm	Level 2a	∞	∞	28	1	1	1	30°C
		∞	∞	∞	2	1	1	25°C
		∞	∞	∞	2	2	1	20°C

- 6) Repack unused devices with anti-moisture packing, fold to close any opening and then store in a dry place.
- 7) Devices require baking before mounting, if humidity card reading is >60 % at 23 ± 5 °C.
- 8) Devices must be baked for 10~24 hours at 70 ± 5 °C, if baking is required.
- 9) The LEDs are sensitive to the static electricity and surge current. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LEDs. If voltage exceeding the absolute maximum rating is applied to LEDs, it may cause damage or even destruction to LED devices. Damaged LEDs may show some unusual characteristics such as increase in leakage current, lowered turn-on voltage, or abnormal lighting of LEDs at low current.
- 10) VOCs (Volatile Organic Compounds) can be generated from adhesives, flux, hardener or organic additives used in luminaires (fixtures). Transparent LED silicone encapsulant is permeable to those chemicals and they may lead to a discoloration of encapsulant when they exposed to heat or light. This phenomenon can cause a significant loss of light emitted (output) from the luminaires. In order to prevent these problems, we recommend users to know the physical properties of materials used in luminaires and they must be carefully selected.
- 11) Risk of sulfurization (or tarnishing)
The LED from Ledstar uses a silver-plated lead frame and its surface color may change to black (or dark colored) when it is exposed to sulfur (S), chlorine (Cl) or other halogen compound. Sulfurization of lead frame may cause intensity degradation, change of chromaticity coordinates and, in extreme cases, open circuit. It requires caution. Due to possible sulfurization of lead frame, LED should not be used and stored together with oxidizing substances made of materials such as rubber, plain paper, lead solder cream, etc.